40F 96

CONFIGURABLE FREQUENCY INDICATOR - INTERCEPTOR



GEFRAN

USER'S MANUAL

SOFTWARE VERSION 1.0x code 81671A / edition 0.5 - 03/04

2 • TECHNICAL SPECIFICATIONS

1 • INSTALLATION

• Dimensions and cut-out: Panel mounting



Display	4 digit red LED's, digit height 14mm		
Keys	3 mechanical keys (Raise, Lower, F)		
Accuracy	0.1% in autorange mode \pm 1 digit with fixed f.s.		
Main input	 mechanical contact, no voltage, configurable in opening/closing, 100Hz filter insertable from configuration from logic control under voltage with amplitude 0.530 Vdc, 6 mA max, for proximity PNP or NPN (inductive or capacitive), encoder or NAMUR 2 or 3 wires maximum frequency of input signal with duty cycle 50% settable 1, 2, 3, 4, 10, 20, 40, 100 KHz from alternate control 30500V peak, 1 mA max. maximum frequency 10KHz minimum frequency 0.5Hz in sinusoidal mode 		
Scale limits	-19999999 (settable decimal point) Can be converted into engineering units by inserting a multiplier or divisor (for example, for display / intercept of rpm)		
Sensor or transducer power supply	5Vdc, 12 Vdc, 120mA max 24 Vdc ± 10%, 50mA max filtered only		
Alarms (set points)	Maximum of three configurable alarms: absolute, deviation, symmetrical deviation. Adjustable hysteresis		
Alarm masking	 exclude on power-up latch reset from key and/or external contact insert delay filter (DON, DBI, DOF, DFO) set minimum intervention time 		
Relay contact	NO (NC) 5A, 250V a cosφ=1		
Logic output	type D 11Vdc, Rout = 220Ω (6V/20mA)		
Triac output (option)	20240Vac ±10%, 3A max. Snubberless, inductive and resistive load I ² t = 128A ² S		
Logic input	Ri = 5,6KΩ (24V, 4mA), 1500V isolation		
Logic input functions	configurable for alarm memory reset, hold, flash, zero, selection of max., min. peak value, peak- peak		
Analog retransmission (option)	4 to 20mA, max. 150 Ω load		
Power supply (switching)	(standard) 100240Vac/dc ±10% (optional) 1127Vac/dc ±10% 50/60Hz, 8VA		
Fuse (inside device, not operator serviceable)	100 to 240Vac/dc - type T - 500mA - 250V 11 to 27Vac/dc - type T - 1.25A - 250V		
Faceplate protection	IP65		
Working / Storage temperatures	0 to 50°C / -20 to 70°C		
Relative humidity	20 to 85%, non-condensing		
Environmental conditions of use	for internal use only, altitude up to 2000m		
Installation	Panel mounting, extractable from front		
Weight	320g for the complete version		

Panel mounting:

Fix the device with the bracket provided before making any electrical connections. To mount two or more devices side by side, use the cut-out dimensions shown above.

CE MARKING: EMC (electromagnetic compatibility) conformity to EEC Directive 89/336/CEE with reference to the generic Standard EN50082-2 (immunity in industrial environments) and EN50081-1 (emission in residential environments). BT (low voltage) conformity to Directive 73/23/CEE as modified by Directive 93/68.

MAINTENANCE: Repairs must be done out only by trained and specialized personnel. Cut power to the device before accessing internal parts.

Do not clean the case with hydrocarbon-based solvents (Petrol, Trichlorethylene, etc.). Use of these solvents can reduce the mechanical reliability of the device. Use a cloth dampened in ethyl alcohol or water to clean the external plastic case.

SERVICE: GEFRAN has a service department. The warranty excludes defects caused by any use not conforming to these instructions.

EMC conformity has been tested with the following connections

FUNCTION	CABLE	LENGTH USED
Input	1 mm ²	3 m
Power supply cable	1 mm ²	1 m
Relay output cables	1 mm ²	3,5 m







HOLD function

The input value and alarms are frozen while the logic input is active. With the logic input active, a reset turns OFF both the relay outputs and the alarms latch.

FLASH function

Input value is sampled; state of alarms is not transferred to outputs; outputs are "frozen". When the logic input is active the input value is "frozen" and the outputs are updated according to the calculated alarms state, including the ones latched.

6 • ALARMS



For AL1 inverse absolute alarm (min.) with positive H1, 1 t = 1 (*) = OFF if disabling on power-on exists For AL2 direct absolute alarm (max) with negative H2, 2 t = 0



For AL1 inverse absolute, symmetrical alarm with hysteresis H1, 1 t = 5 For AL1 direct absolute, symmetrical alarm with hysteresis H1, 1 t = 4



For AL1 direct absolute alarm (max) with negative H 1, 1 t = 0 For AL2 direct relative alarm (max) with negative H2, 2 t = 2



For AL1 direct absolute alarm (max) with negative H1, 1 t = 0 For AL2 symmetrical deviation alarm H2, 2 t = 6

• Filter - outputs with reference to parameters F.0 and r.A

The diagrams refer to a normal absolute alarm with hysteresis H = 0



 $K_s = \frac{K_s \text{ numerator}}{K_s = \frac{K_s \text{ nume$

 K_s denominator $M_U = K_s$ numerator • fs

dE = Ks denominator

where:

fs = full scale [KHz] (can be chosen from 1, 2, 4, 10, 20, 40, 100KHz according to max. frequency in input) MU = multiplier

dE = divisor

These parameters can be set on the "In" menu

EXAMPLE 1

D_{pm} = 80 mm (motor pulley diameter)

 $D_{\text{pe}} = 160 \text{ mm}$ (encoder pulley diameter)

 $K_{\rm e}$ = 250 clock / rev = number of pulses per encoder rev

 ω_m maximum = 3000 rpm

Maximum frequency at input of the instrument must be determined to define full scale fs.

 $fmax = \frac{1}{60} \bullet (\omega m \text{ maximum}) \bullet \frac{D_{pm}}{D_{pe}} \bullet Ke = 6250 \text{ Hz}$

fs = 10 KHz (value of parameter P.S corresponding to a full scale of 10KHz is 11)

 $K_{s} = \frac{60 \cdot D_{pe}}{K_{e} \cdot D_{pm}} = \frac{60 \cdot 160}{250 \cdot 80} = \frac{12}{25} = \frac{K_{s} \text{ numerator}}{K_{s} \text{ denominator}}$

After reducing the function to minimum terms, determine MU and dE (numerator and denominator): P.S = 3, MU = 120, dE = 25

EXAMPLE 2

To show the rpms of a wheel with 250 pulses/rev, with max. frequency less than 1 kHz, set FP = 0, P.S = 8 (full scale 1 KHz), MU = 6, dE = 25

EXAMPLE 3

For applications requiring greater precision of frequency value (with max. full scale 500 Hz), you can set a sampling time greater than one second.

To show the frequency in pulses/second with fixed scale, with one decimal figure and with sampling time at a constant 5 sec, set FP=3, tc =5.0 sec, P.S = 8 (full scale 1 KHz), MU = 1, dE = 5, dP = 1

<u>EXAMPLE 4</u>

Calculation of frequency displayed (F.v.) with a proximity input With a full scale of 20KHz, the assigned prescaler ratio is 4; therefore the value shown is:

F.v. = Input Frequency Prescaler Ratio	• Mu dE	es.: Ps = 12 (Fmax. 20KHz) Prescaler Ratio = 4 Mu = 3 dE = 7	F.v. = —	Input Frequency	• $\frac{3}{7}$ = 214,2			
7 • ACCESSORIES								
 RS323 interface cable for configuration 								
N.B. : the PC configuration cable is supplied with the programming software. WARNING: make the connection with the device powered and with inputs and outputs disconnected. • ORDER CODE COD. 1108200 Cable + Floppy								



Kindly contact GEFRAN for information on available codes.

WARNINGS

WARNING: this symbol indicates danger.

 Δ It is seen near the power supply circuit and near high-voltage relay contacts.

Read the following warnings before installing, connecting or using the device:

• follow instructions precisely when connecting the device.

• always use cables that are suitable for the voltage and current levels indicated in the technical specifications.

• the device has no ON/OFF switch: it switches on immediately when power is turned on. For safety reasons, devices permanently connected to the power supply require a two-phase disconnecting switch with proper marking. Such switch must be located near the device and must be easily reachable by the user. A single switch can control several units.

• if the device is connected to electrically NON-ISOLATED equipment (e.g. thermocouples), a grounding wire must be applied to assure that this connection is not made directly through the machine structure.

• if the device is used in applications where there is risk of injury to persons and/or damage to machines or materials, it MUST be used with auxiliary alarm units. You should be able to check the correct operation of such units during normal operation of the device.

• before using the device, the user must check that all device parameters are correctly set in order to avoid injury to persons and/or damage to property.

• the device must NOT be used in inflammable or explosive environments. It may be connected to units operating in such environments only by means of suitable interfaces in conformity to local safety regulations.

• the device contains components that are sensitive to static electrical discharges. Therefore, take appropriate precautions when handling electronic circuit boards in order to prevent permanent damage to these components.

Installation: installation category II, pollution level 2, double isolation

• power supply lines must be separated from device input and output lines; always check that the supply voltage matches the voltage indicated on the device label.

• install the instrumentation separately from the relays and power switching devices

• do not install high-power remote switches, contactors, relays, thyristor power units (particularly if "phase angle" type), motors, etc... in the same cabinet.

· avoid dust, humidity, corrosive gases and heat sources.

• do not close the ventilation holes; working temperature must be in the range of 0...50°C.

If the device has faston terminals, they must be protected and isolated; if the device has screw terminals, wires should be attached at least in pairs.

• *Power*: supplied from a disconnecting switch with fuse for the device section; path of wires from switch to devices should be as straight as possible; the same supply should not be used to power relays, contactors, solenoid valves, etc.; if the voltage waveform is strongly distorted by thyristor switching units or by electric motors, it is recommended that an isolation transformer be used only for the devices, connecting the screen to ground; it is important for the electrical system to have a good ground connection; voltage between neutral and ground must not exceed 1V and resistance must be less than 60hm; if the supply voltage is highly variable, use a voltage stabilizer for the device; use line filters in the vicinity of high frequency generators or arc welders; power supply lines must be separated from device input and output lines; always check that the supply voltage matches the voltage indicated on the device label.

• Input and output connections: external connected circuits must have double insulation; to connect analog inputs (TC, RTD) you have to: physically separate input wiring from power supply wiring, from output wiring, and from power connections; use twisted and screened cables, with screen connected to ground at only one point; to connect adjustment and alarm outputs (contactors, solenoid valves, motors, fans, etc.), install RC groups (resistor and capacitor in series) in parallel with inductive loads that work in AC (*Note: all capacitors must conform to VDE standards (class x2) and support at least 220 VAC. Resistors must be at least 2W*); fit a 1N4007 diode in parallel with the coil of inductive loads that operate in DC.

GEFRAN spa will not be held liable for any injury to persons and/or damage to property deriving from tampering, from any incorrect or erroneous use, or from any use not conforming to the device specifications.